# **Benefits of Teens Holding a Part-Time Job**

There are many benefits to adolescents obtaining employment, including:

- Obtain valuable work experiences, which are excellent for a resume.
- Learn how to effectively manage finances. Even if the teen is simply using their earnings to pay for their own expenses, they will learn to budget between clothes, movies, and car expenses.
- May provide networking possibilities and set a child on a rewarding lifetime career path.
- Provide constructive use of free time. An after-school job can also provide
  adult supervision, especially if you work longer hours than those in a typical
  school day. Employment gives teens less time to engage in risky behaviors.
- · Learn time management skills.
- · Form good work habits.
- Gain useful, marketable skills such as improving their communication, learning how to handle people, developing interview skills and filling out job applications.
- Instill new confidence, sense of responsibility and independence.
- Enhances a college or post-secondary application

Reference: <a href="https://middleearthnj.wordpress.com">https://middleearthnj.wordpress.com</a>

\* Excerpt from "Employment Permit Application"

packet. (To get a work permit, you can see

mrs. Morrison in Guidance. It is a two-step process)

# Summary of Massachusetts<sup>2</sup> Laws Regulating Minors' Work Hours and Occupation Restrictions

Prohibited Jobs (Hazardous Orders)

Persons under 14 may not work: There are a few exceptions to this such as working as news carriers, on farms, and in entertainment (with a special permit).

#### Persons under 16 years old may NOT:

- Operate power-driven machinery (except office machines or machines in retail or food service not otherwise prohibited)
- Cook (except on electric or gas grills that do not have open flames)
- Operate fryolators, rotisseries, NEICO broilers, or pressure cookers
- · Operate, clean or repair power-driven food slicers, grinders or choppers
- · Perform any baking activities
- Operate microwave ovens (except to heat food in microwave ovens with a maximum capacity of 140 degrees Fahrenheit)
- · Clean kitchen surfaces that are hotter than 100 degrees Fahrenheit
- Filter, transport, or dispose of cooking oil or grease hotter than 100 degrees Fahrenheit
- · Work in freezers or meat coolers
- Work in a manufacturing facility (e.g., a factory)
- · Work on ladders or scaffolds
- · Work in garages, except dispensing gas and oil
- Work in brick or lumber yards
- Work in amusement places (e.g., pool or billiard room, or bowling alley)
- Work in barber shops
- Work in construction, transportation, communications, or public utilities (except doing clerical work away from heavy machinery off the job-site)
- · Work in warehouses (except doing clerical work)
- · Load or unload trucks, railroad cars, or conveyors
- Wash windows in public or commercial buildings if the window sill is more than 10 feet above the ground
- · Work doing laundry in a commercial laundry or dry cleaning establishment
- · Work as a public messenger
- Work at processing operations (e.g., in meat, fish, or poultry processing or cracking nuts, bulk or mass mailing)
- · Work around boilers or in engine rooms
- Do industrial homework

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This is a compilation of state and federal child labor laws. The most protective laws are presented here and apply to all employers of teens including parents who may employ their children. There are additional regulations in this area not summarized here and some exceptions for employers in agricultural industries. Questions about the state child labor laws should be directed to the Massachusetts Office of the Attorney General, Fair Labor and Business Practices Division (617-727-3465). Questions about federal child labor laws should be directed to the U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division (617-624-6700).

· Work with dangerous electrical machinery or appliances

• Work that is determined by the Massachusetts Attorney General to be dangerous to the health and well-being of minors

· Work in any of the occupations or tasks prohibited for persons under age 18

# Persons under 18 years old may NOT:

- Drive a vehicle or forklift (except golf carts in certain circumstances)
- · Operate, clean or repair power-driven meat slicers, grinders or choppers
- · Operate, clean or repair power-driven bakery machines
- · Work 30 feet or more above ground or water
- · Handle, serve, or sell alcoholic beverages
- · Use circular or band saws, or guillotine shears
- · Use power-driven woodworking machines
- · Use hoisting machines
- · Operate paper balers, paper box compactors, or other power-driven paper products machines
- Use power-driven metal-forming, punching, or shearing machines
- Use buffing or polishing equipment
- · Manufacture brick, tile, or kindred products
- · Manufacture or store explosives
- · Work in excavation, wrecking, demolition, or shipbreaking
- · Work in logging, sawmilling, or mining
- · Work slaughtering, packing, or processing meat
- Work in railway operations
- · Work in roofing or on or about a roof
- · Work in foundries or around blast furnaces
- · Work manufacturing phosphorus or phosphorus matches
- · Work where they are exposed to radioactive substances
- · Work as a firefighter or engineer on a boat
- · Oil or clean hazardous machinery in motion
- · Work in any job requiring the possession or use of a firearm\*

#### Legal Work Hours for Teens in Massachusetts

Note: After 8:00 p.m., all minors must have the direct and immediate supervision of an adult supervisor who is located in the workplace and is reasonably accessible to the minor, unless the minor works at a kiosk, cart or stand in the common area of an enclosed shopping mall that has security from 8:00 p.m. until the mall is closed to the public.\*

## 14 and 15 Year Olds Work Hours

Only between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. during the school year Not during school hours
Only between 7 a.m. and 9 p.m. during the summer (from July 1 through Labor Day)

## Maximum Hours When School Is in Session

- 18 hours a week
- 3 hours a day on school days
- ે8 hours a day Saturday, Sunday, holidays
  - 6 days a week

#### Maximum Hours When School Is Not in Session

- 40 hours a week
- 8 hours a day
- 6 days a week

# 16 and 17 Year Olds

#### Work Hours\*

Only between 6 a.m. and 10 p.m. (on nights preceding a regularly scheduled school day) – if the establishment stops serving clients or customers at 10:00 p.m., the minor may be employed until 10:15 p.m.

Only between 6 a.m. and 11:30 p.m. (on nights <u>not</u> preceding a regularly scheduled school day). <u>Exception for restaurants and racetracks</u>: only between 6 a.m. and 12:00 midnight (on nights <u>not</u> preceding a regularly scheduled school day).

## Maximum Hours of Work - Whether or Not School is in Session

- 48 hours a week
- 9 hours a day
- 6 days a week

<sup>\*</sup> Indicates a change MA Child Labor Laws, effective date January 3, 2007.